

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 382 published on 3/08/2018

THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT

(CAP.283)

REGULATIONS

(Made under section 121)

THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION (CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA (CITES)) (IMPLEMENTATION) REGULATIONS, 2018

**PART I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS**

1. Citation
2. Application
3. Interpretation

**PART II
MANAGEMENT AND SCIENTIFIC AUTHORITIES**

4. Management and scientific authorities

**PART III
CONTROL OF TRADE IN SPECIES LISTED IN CITES
APPENDICES**

5. Trade and export in specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES
6. Import of specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES
7. Re-export of specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES
8. Introduction from the sea of specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES
9. Trade, Export and import of Specimens of Species in Appendix II of CITES
10. Import of Specimens of Species in Appendix II of CITES
11. Re-export of Specimens of Species in Appendix II of CITES

12. Introduction from the sea of specimen of species in Appendix II of CITES
13. Trade and Export of specimens of species in Appendix III of CITES
14. Import of specimens of species in Appendix III of CITES
15. Re-Export of specimens of species in Appendix III of CITES

PART IV
GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR PERMITS AND CERTIFICATES

16. Permits and certificate issued under Part III
17. Information on export permit
18. Information on import permit
19. Permits to bear stamp
20. Copies of Permits or certificate
21. Separate permit or certificate for each consignment
22. Affixation of mark on specimen of species
23. Cancellation, retention or export permit or re-export certificate

PART V
EXEMPTIONS AND OTHER SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING
TO TRADE IN SPECIES

24. Specimen of species on transit
25. Transshipment of specimens
26. Issuance of pre-Convention certificate
27. Personal or household specimen
28. Specimen of species in captivity for commercial purposes
29. Certificate for specimen of species in captivity
30. Specimen of species for scientific purpose
31. Designation of ports of exit or entry of specimen of species
32. Confiscation of specimen of species
33. Records of trade in specimens of species

PART VI
EXPORT OF LIVE SPECIMENS

34. Pre- conditions for export of living specimens of animal species
35. containers for export of species
36. Notice of intention to export
37. Holding ground or farm for specimen
38. Pre- conditions for grant of export permits

39. Inspection of container
40. Certificate of health prior to export of animal specimens
41. Vaccination, inoculation and treatment of specimens
42. Endorsement of trophy certificate or permit
43. Restriction on removing specimens from holding ground or farm
44. Accompanying specimen consignments to port of embarkation
45. Safety and welfare of animals designated for export
46. Bill of lading in respect of specimen
47. Maintaining records of specimens in holding grounds or farms
48. Monthly returns from holdings grounds or farms

PART VII
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

49. Offences and Penalties
50. Offences by body corporate
51. General Penalty

PART VIII
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

52. Trade with States not party to CITES
53. Communication on Impression of stamps
54. Restriction on exploitation of non CITES species
55. Revocation and servings

—
SCHEDULES
—

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Wildlife Conservation (Convention On International Trade In Endangered Species Of Wild Fauna And Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 382 published on 3/08/2018

THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION ACT
(Cap.283)

REGULATIONS

(Made under section 121)

THE WILDLIFE CONSERVATION (CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA (CITES)) (IMPLEMENTATION) REGULATIONS, 2018

PART I
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Citation

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)) (Implementation) Regulations, 2018.

Application

2.-(1) These regulations shall apply to all animals and plant species listed in all three CITES appendices.

(2) The CITES appendices species shall be as approved from time to time by the Conference of Parties and published in the *Gazette*.

Interpretation
Cap. 283

3. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires;

“Act” means the Wildlife Conservation Act;

“animal” means any kind of vertebrate and invertebrate and egg thereof other than a domestic animal;

“animal capture” means an act of taking a live animal or egg from the wild;

"Artificially propagated": means plants grown under controlled

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

conditions from seeds, cuttings, divisions, callus tissues or other plant tissues, spores or other propagules that either are exempt or have been derived from cultivated parental stock;

"Bred in captivity": means offspring, including eggs, born or otherwise produced in a controlled environment of parents that mated or otherwise transmitted their gametes in a controlled environment, as defined in Resolutions of the Conference of the Parties;

"Certificate of origin": means documents allowing the export of specimens of species listed in Appendix III when the specimens originated in a non-listing country.

"CITES" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora of 1973, to which the United Republic of Tanzania is a party;

"Convention" means the CITES Convention;

"CITES Appendices" means Appendices I, II and III described in Article II of the Convention text ;

"CITES Secretariat" and "Secretariat": means the Secretariat of CITES as referred to in Article XII of CITES;

"Conference of the Parties" means the Conference of the Parties as referred to in Article XI of CITES;

"Controlled environment" means the environment that is manipulated for the purpose of producing animals of a particular species, that has boundaries designed to prevent animals, eggs or gametes of the species from entering or leaving the controlled environment, and the general characteristics of which may include but are not limited to: artificial housing; waste removal; health care; protection from predators; and artificially supplied food;

"Country of origin" means the country in which a specimen has been taken in the wild or born or bred in captivity or artificially propagated, or introduced from the sea;

"Derivative" means in relation to an animal, plant or other organism, means any part, tissue or extract, of an animal, plant or other organism, whether fresh, preserved or processed, and includes any chemical compound derived from such part, tissue or extract;

"Director" means the Director of Wildlife appointed under the Act;

"Enforcement officer" means any officer or other person designated to be an authorized officer under the provision of the

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Act or the Forest Act;

"Export": means the act of taking any specimen out of any place under the jurisdiction of United Republic of Tanzania;

"Gazette" means the Government Official Gazette;

"holding ground or farm" means an area where animals are kept waiting to be exported and includes an aviary, pen or similar area;

"Import": means to land on or attempt to land on, bring into or introduce into, any place subject to the jurisdiction of United Republic of Tanzania other than transit and transshipment any specimen of species included in the Appendices of CITES;

"Introduction from the sea" means transportation into (name of the country) of specimens of any species which were taken from the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State, including the air space above the sea and the sea-bed and subsoil beneath the sea;

"International trade" means any export, re-export, or import covered by the customs regulations and introduction from the sea;

"Label" means a piece of paper, card, or other material bearing the acronym 'CITES' and issued or approved by a Management Authority for the identification of contents as herbarium specimens, preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens or live plant material for scientific study. They shall include the name and address of the sending institution and the codes of the exporting and importing institutions over the signature of a responsible officer of that registered scientific institution;

"licensing officer" means any officers or any other person whom the Director may appoint to be a licensing officer for the purpose of these Regulations;

"Management Authority" means Director;

"mark" means any indelible imprint, lead seal or other suitable means of identifying a specimen, designed in such a way as to render its imitation by unauthorized persons as difficult as possible;

"Minister" means the Minister responsible for wildlife;

"Party" means a State or a regional economic integration organization for which CITES has entered into force;

"Permit or Certificate" means the official document used to authorize import, export, re-export, or introduction from the sea of specimens of species listed in any of the Appendices of CITES;

"Personal or household effects" means dead specimens, parts and derivatives that are the belongings of a private individual and that form or are intended to form part of his normal possessions;

"Pre-convention Certificate" means the pre-convention date for a specimen may vary depending on when a Party joined CITES or on a country's stricter national legislation.

"Primarily commercial purposes" means all purposes whose non-commercial aspects do not clearly predominate;

"Quota" means prescribed number or quantity of specimens that can be harvested, exported or otherwise used over a specific period of time ;

"Readily recognizable part or derivative" means and includes any specimen which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging or a mark or label, or from any other circumstances, to be a part or derivative of an animal or plant of a species included in the Appendices, unless such part or derivative is specifically exempted from the provisions of the Convention;

"re-export" means export of any specimen that was previously imported;

"Relevant Management Authority" means the Management Authority appointed under these Regulations;

"rescue centre" means an institution or area designated by the Management Authorities to look after the welfare of specimens, particularly those that have been seized or confiscated;

"Scientific Authority" means the Authority appointed or designated under regulation these Regulations;

"Secretariat" means the Secretariat provided for under Article XII of the Convention;

"species" means any species, subspecies, or geographically separate population thereof;

"specimen" means-

(a) any animal or plant, whether alive or dead;

(b) in the case of an animal: for species included in Appendices I and II of CITES and any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof, and for species included in Appendix III of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof specified in Appendix III of CITES in relation to the species; and

(c) in the case of a plant: for species included in Appendix I of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof, and species included in Appendices II and III of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof specified in Appendices II

and III of CITES in relation to the species;

(d) any specimen which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging or a mark or label or from any other circumstances, to be a part or derivative of an animal or plant of a species included in the Appendices, unless such part or derivative is specifically exempted from the provisions of CITES.

“Tags” means a piece of material for the identification of raw, tanned, and/or finished crocodilian skins entering international trade from the countries of origin;

“trade” means export, re-export, import and introduction from the sea;

"Transit" means the transit procedures as defined by the customs regulations of the United Republic of Tanzania;

"Transshipment" means the transshipment procedures as defined by the customs regulations United Republic of Tanzania;

“Under controlled environment” means in a non-natural environment that is intensively manipulated by human intervention for the purpose of plant production. General characteristics of controlled conditions may include but are not limited to tillage, fertilization, weed and pest control, irrigation, or nursery operations such as potting, bedding or protection from weather.

PART II

MANAGEMENT AND SCIENTIFIC AUTHORITIES

Management and scientific authorities

4.-(1) The Director shall be the Management Authority and in collaboration with the Scientific Authority or Authorities –

- (a) be the lead agency in the implementation of the CITES;
- (b) communicate with other Parties and the Secretariat in all matters of CITES on behalf of the Government;
- (c) issue CITES export permits , import permits ,re-export permits, introduction from the sea and other certificates ;
- (d) register captive breeding operations, zoos and orphanage centers or any artificially propagated wildlife species;
- (e) affix marks upon specimens in trade to assist in identifying the specimen;
- (f) maintain records of trade in specimens listed in CITES Appendices; and
- (g) prepare periodic annual and biannual reports of the country's implementation of the CITES and transmit such reports

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

to the Secretariat;

- (h) communicate with the management and competent authorities of other States and the Secretariat;
- (i) establish policies related to the implementation of CITES; and
- (j) coordinate CITES-related activities of authorities in the United Republic of Tanzania.

(2) The Minister shall appoint or designate by notice published in the Gazette one or more Scientific Authorities as appropriate, which shall:

- (a) advise the Management Authority whether or not the proposed export of a specimen of a species listed in Appendix I or II will be detrimental to the survival of species involved;
- (b) to give scientific input to the Director on policies related to the implementation of CITES;
- (c) to conduct studies and research on the population status, distribution, population trends and other biological and ecological factors as appropriate, and trade information relating to species concerned;
- (d) to monitor export permits issued and the actual export of specimens in accordance with the provisions of Article IV, paragraph 3, of CITES; and
- (e) to advise the Director on suitable measures to be taken to limit grant of export permits for specimens of species other than those listed in Appendix I that are threatened with extinction and which may be affected by trade.

(3) The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, appoint or designate additional relevant Management and Scientific Authorities for effective implementation of these Regulations.

PART III

CONTROL OF TRADE IN SPECIES LISTED IN CITES APPENDICES

Trade and export
in specimen of
species in
Appendix I of
CITES

5.-(1) Any trade in specimens of species included in Appendix I shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) No specimen of a species Appendix I shall be exported without the prior issuance and presentation of an export permit granted by the Director.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

- (a) a Scientific Authority has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;
- (b) the Director is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora;
- (c) the Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and
- (d) the Director is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for the specimen.

Import of specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES

6.-(1) The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an import permit and either an export permit or a re-export certificate.

(2) An import permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

- (a) a Scientific Authority has advised that the import will be for purposes which are not detrimental to the survival of the species involved;
- (b) a Scientific Authority is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and
- (c) The Director is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

Re-export of specimen of species in Appendix I of CITES

8.-(1) The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate.

(2) A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

- (a) the Director is satisfied that the specimen was imported in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention;
- (b) the Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and
- (c) the Director is satisfied that an import permit has been granted for any living specimen.

Introduction

9.-(1) The introduction from the sea of any specimen of

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

from the sea of
specimen of
species in
Appendix I of
CITES

a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority.

(2) A certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

- (a) a Scientific Authority advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved;
- (b) Director is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and
- (c) Director is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

Trade, Export
and import of
Specimens
of Species
in
Appendix
II of CITES

10.-(1) Any Trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II shall be in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

- (a) a Scientific Authority has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;
- (b) Director is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and
- (c) Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

Import of
Specimens
of Species
in
Appendix
II of CITES

11. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior presentation of either an export permit or a re-export certificate.

Re-export of
Specimens
of Species
in
Appendix
II of CITES

12.-(1) The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate.

(2) A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

- (a) Director is satisfied that the specimen was imported in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention; and

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

(b) Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

Introduction
from the sea of
specimen of
species in
Appendix II of
CITES

13.-(1) The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant of a certificate from the Director.

(2) A certificate shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) a Scientific Authority advises that the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved; and

(b) Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so handled as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

Trade and Export
of specimens
of species
in
Appendix
III of
CITES

14.-(1) Any trade in specimens of species included in Appendix III shall be in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the following conditions have been met:

(a) Director is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws for the protection of fauna and flora; and

(b) Director is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

Import of
specimens
of species
in
Appendix
III of
CITES

15. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, except in circumstances to which regulation 15 of these Regulations applies, the prior presentation of a certificate of origin and, where the import is from a State which has included that species in Appendix III, an export permit.

Re-Export of
specimens of
species in
Appendix III of
CITES

16. The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, a certificate granted by the Director that the specimen was processed or is being re-exported from mainland Tanzania and the certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence that the provisions of the CITES have been complied

with in respect of the specimen concerned.

PART IV

GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR PERMITS AND CERTIFICATES

Permits and Certificate issued under Part III

17. The provisions of this Part shall govern all permits and certificates granted by the Director under Part III of these Regulations.

Information on export permit

18. An export or re-export permit shall contain the information specified in Article VI of the text of the Convention and Annex 2 of the most recent version of Resolution 12.3 of the Conference of the Parties, and shall only be used for export or re-export within a period of six months from the date on which it was granted.

Information on import permit

19. An import permit shall contain the information specified in Article VI of the text of the Convention and Annex 2 of the most recent version of Resolution 12.3 of the Conference of the Parties, and shall only be used for import within a period of twelve months from the date on which it was granted.

Permits to bear stamp

20. A permit or certificate prescribed under these Regulations shall contain the full title of CITES, the name and any identifying stamp of the Director for purposes of these Regulations and a control number assigned by the Director.

Copies of Permits or certificate

21. Any copies of permit or certificates issued by the Director shall be clearly marked as copies only and no such copy shall be used in place of the original, except to the extent endorsed thereon.

Separate permit or certificate for each consignment

22. Director shall issue a separate permit or certificate for each trade consignment of specimens.

Affixation of mark on specimen of species

23. The Director may affix a mark upon any specimen to assist in identifying the specimen.

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Cancellation,
retention or
export permit or
re-export
certificate

25. The Director shall cancel and retain the export permit or re-export certificate and any corresponding import permit, presented in respect of the import of that specimen.

PART V
EXEMPTIONS AND OTHER SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING
TO TRADE IN SPECIES

Specimen of
species on transit

25. The provisions of Part III of this Regulation shall not apply to the transit or trans-shipment of specimens through or in any part of mainland Tanzania while the specimens remain under the control of the customs department.

(2) A person desiring to transit specimens shall be required to declare that the consignments are in transit to the Director by filling the Transit Declaration Form as prescribed in First Schedule which contain the following:

- (a) Name and address of the importer;
- (b) Name and address of the exporter;
- (c) Country of origin;
- (d) Country of destination;
- (e) Vessel name and registration number;
- (f) Description of goods;
- (g) Quantity; and
- (h) Date of departure.

(3) The Transit Declaration Form shall be accompanied with all documentations as deemed necessary for transit.

(4) Upon receipt of a Transit Declaration Form from the importer and being satisfied with the document produced, the Director shall declare in writing that such consignments are in transit and conform the transit requirements under these Regulations.

(5) The Director shall inspect any specimens on transit and may seize any specimens not accompanied by appropriate transit documents.

Transshipment of
specimens

26.-(1) A person desiring to transship Specimens shall be required to declare that the consignments are in transshipment to the Director by filling the Transshipment Declaration Form as prescribed in the Second Schedule which shall contain the following:

- (a) Name and address of the importer;

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

- (b) Name and address of the exporter;
- (c) Port of origin;
- (d) Port of destination;
- (e) Vessel name and registration number;
- (f) Description of goods;
- (g) Quantity;
- (h) Vessel on which the consignment is to be onward carried;
and
- (i) Date of shipment.

(2) The Transshipment Declaration Form shall be accompanied with all documentations as deemed necessary for transshipment.

(3) Upon receipt of a Transshipment Declaration Form from the importer, the Director in collaboration with Ports Authority may cause such consignment and the document produced to be inspected.

(4) The Director may seize any specimens not accompanied by appropriate transshipment documents.

(5) When the Director is satisfied that the consignments fulfill the transshipment requirements under these Regulations shall declare in writing that the consignments are in transshipment.

Issuance of pre-
Convention
certificate

27.-(1) The Director may, upon being satisfied in writing that a specimen was acquired before the provisions of CITES applied to that specimen, issue a pre-Convention certificate under his hand to that effect.

(2) Where the Director issues a certificate pursuant to being satisfied with respect to the specimen referred in sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the provisions of Part III of these Regulations shall not apply to that specimen.

Personal or
household
specimen

Except as provided for in sub-regulation (2) below, the provisions of Part III of this Regulation shall not apply to specimens that are personal or household effects as the Director may determine.

(2) Notwithstanding the provision of sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the provisions of Part III shall apply where:

- (a) in the case of a specimen of a species in Appendix I acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and is being imported into that State; or
- (b) in the case of a specimen of species included in

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Appendix II:

- i) they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and in a State where removal from the wild occurred;
- i) they are being imported into the owner's State of usual residence; and
- i) the State where removal from the wild occurred requires the prior grant of export permits before any export of such specimens;

Provided that this Regulation shall not apply where the Director is satisfied that the specimens were acquired before the provisions of the CITES applied to that specimen.

Specimen
of species
in captivity
for commercial
purposes

28. Any specimen of animal species which is Appendix I and is bred in captivity for commercial purposes, or of a plant species included in Appendix I that is artificially propagated for commercial purposes, shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix II and subject to related controls under this Regulation.

Certificate for
specimen of
species in
captivity

29. The Director shall, after consultation with the Scientific Authority, and upon being satisfied that any specimen of an animal species was bred in captivity or any specimen of a plant species was artificially propagated, or is a part of such animal or plant or was derived therefrom, issue a certificate to that effect and such certificate shall be accepted in lieu of any of the permits or certificates required under the provisions of Part III of this Regulation.

Specimen of
species
for scientific
purpose

30. The provisions of Part III of these Regulations shall not apply to a non-commercial loan, donation or exchange between scientists or scientific institutions registered by the Director, after consultation with the Scientific Authorities, of herbarium specimens, other preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens, and live plant material which carry a label issued or approved by the Director, travelling zoo, circus, menagerie, plant exhibition or other travelling exhibition provided that:

- (a) the exporter or importer registers full details of such specimens with the Director;
- (b) the specimens are in either of the categories specified in

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

regulations 27, 28 and 29 of these Regulations; and

(c) the Management Authority is satisfied that any living specimen will be so transported and cared for as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

Designation of ports of exit or entry of specimen of species

31. The Director may by notice published in the Gazette, designate specific ports of exit or entry at which specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES shall be presented for clearance.

Confiscation of specimen of species

32. Any specimen which is seized in the process of enforcing these Regulations shall:

(a) be entrusted to the Director; and
(b) after the Director consults with the State of export, be returned to that State at the expense of that State, or placed in a rescue centre or such other place as the Director deems appropriate and consistent with the purposes of CITES.

(2) The Director shall obtain the advice of the Scientific Authority in order to facilitate the decision under sub-regulation (1) of this regulation.

Records of trade in specimens of species

33.(1) The Director shall, in consultation with the Scientific Authority, cause to be maintained records of trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES.

(2) The records of trade maintained by the Director shall provide for:

(a) the names and addresses of exporters and importers;
(b) the number and type of permits and certificates granted;
(c) the States with which such trade occurred;
(d) the numbers or quantities and types of specimens and names of species as included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES; and
(e) where applicable, the size and sex of the specimens in question.

PART VI
EXPORT OF LIVE SPECIMENS

Pre- conditions

34. Subsequent to its capture and prior to export every-

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

for export of
living specimens
of animal species

- (a) herbivorous mammal shall be kept in captivity for at least two months during which it shall be supplied with the type of food which will be available on the journey.
- (b) Carnivorous mammal shall be kept in captivity for at least fourteen days during which it shall be supplied with the type of food which will be available on the journey.
- (c) reptile, amphibian or bird shall be kept in captivity for at least fourteen days during which it shall be supplied with the type of food which will be available on the journey,
- (d) insect shall be kept in captivity for not more than 3 days;
- (e) animal shall be allowed to accustom itself to the container in which it will be exported for not less than seven days.

containers for
export of species

35. Any container in which an animal species is exported shall, conform to the relevant specifications and requirements prescribed in the Third Schedule, the International Air Transport Association Live Animal Regulations and the CITES guidelines for the non-air transport of live wild animals and plants.

Notice of
intention to
export

36. Every holder of a CITES permit prescribed in the Fourth Schedule shall inform the Director in writing of his intentions to export any animal specimen at least two weeks before the date of export.

Holding ground
or farm for
specimen

37.-(1) Any person shall not be granted a permit to export specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III unless he satisfies the licensing officer that:

- (a) he has an access of or is an owner of a holding ground or farm, aviary or pen as may be appropriate, where the captured specimen will be kept until exported;
- (b) he has made formal arrangements for the sale or other disposal of the specimen intended to be captured to a zoological or other person or institution; and
- (c) it is not against the public interest for such institution to receive such specimen.

(2) All holding farms or grounds shall be maintained in such manner as Director or a veterinary officer may direct and it shall be lawful for any Director to inspect a holding farm or ground at any time.

(3) All owners of holding grounds or farms shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance of such holding grounds

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

or farms and shall comply with the provisions of these Regulations and any directive given hereunder.

Pre- conditions
for grant of
export permits

38. No live animal specimen shall be exported unless the Director is satisfied that there exists:

(a) a letter from a zoological institution, a similar establishment or person as evidence that the specimen shall be received by such institution, establishment or person.

(b) evidence that proper accommodation has been reserved on a vehicle, ship, aircraft or any other means of transport for the specimen as approved.

Inspection of
container

39. Any enforcement officer shall be entitled to inspect any specimen in its container before it is exported.

Certificate of
health prior to
export of animal
specimens

40.-(1) A veterinary officer shall examine all live animal specimens at least seven days prior to their export.

(2) A veterinary officer who examines the specimen shall issue a certificate of health in respect of such specimen.

Vaccination
inoculation and
treatment of
specimens

41. No live animal specimen shall be exported unless the veterinary officer examining it has certified that it is in a fit state of health and has received all the necessary vaccinations, inoculations or treatment.

Endorsement of
trophy certificate
or permit

42. A trophy export certificate and export permit shall be issued in respect of a live animal specimen that has been approved under regulations 40 and 41 of these Regulations, for the export of such specimen and shall be endorsed with the name and address of the institution to which the specimen is consigned.

Restriction on
removing
specimens from
holding ground
or farm

43. Any live animal specimen earmarked for export shall not be removed from a holding ground or farm until arrangements have been made for such specimen to be loaded on a vessel within twenty- four hours from the date of arrival at the port of embarkation.

Accompanying
specimen
consignments to
port of
embarkation

44. Any holder of CITES permit or an authorized representative of the holder, duly registered by the Director, shall accompany all live animal specimen consignments transported to the port of embarkation.

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Safety and
welfare of
animals
designated for
export

45.-(1) Any holder of a CITES permit shall be responsible for the welfare and safety of the live animal specimen captured by him until such time when the animal is exported.

(2) Any holder of a CITES permit shall take all necessary and reasonable measures to safeguard the welfare and safety of the live animal specimen captured by him.

Bill of lading in
respect of
specimen

46. Any holder of a CITES permit shall produce to the Director a copy of the bill of lading in respect of the live animal specimen exported and a letter from the institution or person to which the specimen has been sent acknowledging the receipt of the specimen within ninety days after the date of export.

Maintaining
records of
specimens in
holding grounds
or farms

47. Any owner of a holding ground or farm shall maintain a record of all live animal specimens received and disposed by him in a register, which shall be inspected by an enforcement officer.

Monthly returns
from holdings
grounds or farms

48.-(1) Any owner of a holding ground or farm shall send a quarterly return to the Director and the enforcement officer in charge of the area in which his holding ground or farm is situated.

(2) Any quarterly return from any owner of a holding ground or farm shall contain the following particulars:

(a) the number of live animal specimens of each species or other specimens exported during the preceding quarter;

(b) the names of institutions or persons to which they have been exported; and

(c) the amount of money realized from the trade.

PART VII
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

Offences and
Penalties

49.-(1) Any person who:

(a) imports, exports, re-exports, or introduces from the sea, or attempts to import, export, re-export or introduce from the sea, any specimen of a species listed in the CITES Appendices without a valid permit or certificate;

(b) provides information either oral or written which is false or misleading in material respect for any purpose under these

Regulations;

(c) misuses a document or fails to comply with the conditions of a permit or certificate;

(d) fraudulently defaces, destroys, forges, alters or tampers with a mark used by the Management Authority to individually and permanently identify specimens or any document provided for under these Regulations;

(e) have in his or her possession or under his or her control, or offers or exposes for sale or display to the public, any specimen of a species listed in the CITES Appendices which was not legally acquired; or

(f) obstructs or hinders any enforcement officer in the performance of his duties.

commits an offence and is liable to a fine of not less than three times the value of the specimen involved in the commission of the offence or to a minimum of five years imprisonment or to both.

(2) The Court may, in addition to the penalty imposed under sub-regulation (1), order the forfeiture of the specimen, container, vessel, instruments or any tools or items used in the commission of the offence.

Offences by
body corporate

50. Any act which if done by an individual would be an offence against these Regulations, shall if done by a body corporate be an offence by the Chief Executive Officer or Secretary thereof unless he proves that the offence was committed without his consent or connivance and that he exercised all such diligence to prevent the commission of the offence as he ought to have been exercised having regard to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all circumstances.

General Penalty

51. A person convicted of an offence under these Regulations for which no penalty is expressly provided is liable to a fine not less than twice the value of the consignment or to a term of imprisonment not less six months or both such fine and imprisonment in the case of a body corporate to a fine of not less than three times the value of the consignment or to a term of imprisonment not less six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Trade with States
not party to
CITES

52. Where export or re-export of a specimen of a species is to, or import is from, a State not a party to CITES, comparable documentation issued by the competent authority in that State, which substantially conforms to the requirements of CITES, for permits and certificates, may be accepted in lieu thereof by the Director, for purposes of these Regulations.

Communication
on Impression of
stamps

53. The Director shall communicate to the Secretariat, impressions of stamps, seals or other devices used to authenticate permits or certificates.

Restriction on
exploitation of
non CITES
species

54. The Director may, in consultation with the Scientific Authority, submit to the Secretariat, for inclusion in Appendix III of CITES, one or more species identified as being subject to regulation under any written law for purposes of preventing or restricting their exploitation and as needing the cooperation of other Parties in the control of trade of such species.

Revocation and
savings
G. N. No.
225 of 2005

55.-(1) The Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) (Implementation) Regulations, 2005 are hereby revoked.

(2) Any orders made license issued before the coming into effect of these Regulations shall continue to be in force until they are cancelled or otherwise rendered invalid under these Regulations.

—————
SCHEDULES
—————

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

—————
FIRST SCHEDULE

—————
(Made under regulation 24(2))

Transit of Specimens

Transit Application Form

Any person desiring to transit Specimens through mainland Tanzania official port of entry shall be required to declare by filling the transit declaration form and present to the Director for scrutiny, having the following information:

S/N	Item	Description
1	Name and address of the Importer	
2	Name and address of the Exporter	
3	Country of origin	
4	Country of destination	
5	Vessel name and registration number	
6	Description of the Specimens	
7	Quantity of specimens (number, tons, etc)	
8	Date of shipment	

Declaration:

I, do hereby declare that, the information provided is valid true and accurate to the best of my knowledge

Date: _____ Signature: _____

Note:

This form should be attached with valid CITES documents and transit of the consignment documents

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Made under regulation 25(1))

Procedure for Transshipment of Specimens

Transshipment Application Form

Any person desiring to transship Specimens through mainland Tanzania official port of entry shall be required to declare by filling the transship declaration form and present to the Director for scrutiny, having the following information:

S/N	Item	Description
1	Name and address of the Importer	
2	Name and address of the Exporter	
3	Port of origin	
4	Port of destination	
5	Vessel name and registration number	
6	Description of the specimens	
7	Quantities of specimens (number, tons, etc)	
8	Vessel name and registration number of which the consignment is to be onward carried	
9	Date of shipment	

Declaration:

I, do hereby declare that, the information provided is valid true and accurate to the best of my knowledge

Date: _____ Signature: _____

Note:

This form should be attached with valid CITES permit and other transshipment documents

THIRD SCHEDULE

(Made under regulation 35)

CONTAINER STANDARDS FOR EXPORT OF ANIMALS

A. MAMMALIA

Group No	Species	Container Standards
1.	(1) Zebra (2) Rhinoceros (3) Buffalo (4) Large Antelopes	(a) The animal shall be crated singly (b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50 cm longer than the animal (c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20 cm between the highest point reached by the animal and the roof. (d) The side of the container shall be planked solid for <u>2</u> the height <p style="text-align: center;">3</p> (a) Any necessary padding shall be made to the sides and rear of the container away from the horns. (b) The bottom borders of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage (c) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning around.
2.	Elephant	(a) The animal shall be crated singly. (b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50 cm longer than the animal. (c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20 cm between the highest point reached by the animal and roof. (d) The sides of the container shall be planked solid and provided with apertures for looking out or putting the trunk through without getting a hold on which to pull. (e) Any necessary padding shall be made to the sides and rear of the container away from the tusks. (f) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage.

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

		(g) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning round.
3.	Hippopotanus	<p>(a) The animal shall be crated singly.</p> <p>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50 cm longer than the animal.</p> <p>(c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20cm between the highest point reached by the animal and the roof.</p> <p>(d) The sides of the container shall be planked solid for <u>2</u> the height.</p> <p>3</p> <p>(e) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage.</p> <p>(f) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning round.</p> <p>(g) During the day the animal shall be sprayed at suitable intervals or sacks shall be kept on the roof of the container kept wet to ensure continuous drip of water.</p>
4.	(1) Giraffe (2) Ostrich	<p>(a) The animal shall be crated singly or in the event of chicks, six in a cage.</p> <p>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50 cm longer than the animal</p> <p>(c)The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20 cm between the highest point preached by the animal and the roof.</p> <p>(d)The planking of the side may be perforated in such a manner that will not allow the animal to put its head through.</p> <p>(e) The roof and any hard point where the animal might strike is head of given a sudden jolt shall be padded.</p> <p>(f) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage .</p> <p>(g) The container shall be made in manner that will allow the animal to turn round, lie down stand or stretch with case.</p> <p>(h) Giraffe of over 330 cm, in height shall not be exported without prior consultation with the airline or ship that will carry it.</p>
5	(1) Lion (2) Leopard (3) Cheetah	<p>(a) The animal shall be crated singly.</p> <p>(b) The container shall be made to allow anima to stretch fully in all directions,</p> <p>(c) The bottom and the sides pf the container ,ay be boarded solid.</p>

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

		(d) The rear and front sides of the container shall be provided with bars closely placed to prevent the animal from putting its paws through.
6.	Small Antelopes	(a) The animal shall be crated singly or two or more if well acquainted. (b) Animals from different species may be crated together if well acquainted. (c) The container shall be made to allow the animal to stretch fully in all directions.
7.	(1) Baboon (2) Monkey	(a) The animal shall be crated singly (b) Container for primates weighing less than 4kg. shall be made at least 35x35x50cm. in size. (c) Container for primates weighing over 4kg. shall be made at least 50x70x70cm in size. (d) Where the animals are to travel by sea the sizes given in paragraphs 7 (b) 7(c) and shall be provided with perches at a height that will allow the tails of the animal to dangle free of the floor. (e) The bottom of the container shall be slatted to allow out-flow of excrement which can be retained in a tray inserted below the container.
8.	Galago (Bushbabies)	(a) The animal shall be crated singly or up to 4 immature in a cage. (b) Container shall be made at least 20 x 20 x 20 cm. in size or shall be made to allow for a space of at least 20 x 20 x 20 cm. for each animal (c) The bottom of the container shall be slatted to allow out-flow of excrement which can be retained in a tray inserted below the container.

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

B. BIRDS

Group No.	Container	Container Standards
1.	Quails Button Quails Small waders Babblers Thrushes Tits Finches Buntings	(a) Container shall be made at least 50 x 50 x 25 cm . size (b) Container shall be provided with a perch at least 3 cm from the door.
2.	Cuckoo Shrikes Pittas Small Francolins Love – birds Large weavers and Allies in size Warblers Orioles Shrikes Bulbuls Sudan dioch and allies In size Larks Wax bills and allies in size	(a) Container shall be made at least 50 x60x25cm in size (b) Container shall be provided with perch at least 3 cm in size. (c) Container shall be provided with soft lining to the inside of the roof.
3.	Small ducks Rails Fin –foot Plovers and allies in Size Sandgrouse Large owls Gulls	Container shall be made at least 50 x 60 x 25 cm in size
4.	Rollers Pigeons Turacos Gian: Kingfisher Small birds of prey Coucals Small owls Doves Parrots Bee eaters Wood-peckers Hoopoes Trogon Honey Guides	(a) Container shall be made at least 50 x 60 20 cm in size. (b) Container shall be provided with a perch at least 10 cm from the floor.

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

	Broad bills	
5.	Ducks Thickness Jacana Grebes	Container shall be made at least 50x60x20 cm. in size
6.	Francolins Guinea fowls	(a) Container shall be made at least 50 x 60 x x20 cm. in size (b) Container shall be provided with soft lining to the roof.
7.	Secretary Bird Herons Bitterns Storks Bustards Pelicans Cormorants Other large birds	(a) The animal shall be created singly (b) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow in-mates complete freedom of turning and stretching their necks.
8.	Spoonbills Flamingo Cranes Egrets Ibises	(a) The animal shall be crated singly or up to 6 individuals when export is by air (b) Container shall be provided with soft lining under the roof. (c) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow in-mates complete freedom of movement. (d) The floor shall be covered with canvas, Hessian or similar materials.
9.	Vultures Eagles	(a) The animal shall be crated singly (b) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow in mates complete freedom of movement. (c) Container shall be provided with Perches at least 15cm from the floor.

C. REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS

10.	Reptiles Agama All chameleon species Gecko Grass snake Lizards Water snake	(a) The container shall be made of wood, plywood, hardboard, expanded polystyrene/Styrofoam, water-resistant fibreboard, burlap, fine wire mesh, nylon or similar mesh. (b) The inner container or compartment must be large enough to allow the animal to lie in a natural position with enough space to avoid stacking. (c) A clearance of 3cm (1.2in) as height of the container is required to permit a good air flow over the animals. (d) If the inner container is divided into compartments the wall must be firmly fixed to the floor and/or sides in order to avoid collapse when the container is titled or turned upside down when loaded. (e) All partitions must have ventilation openings. (f) Specimens over 77cm (30in) must be packed individually. (g) Spiny lizards and adult geckos must be placed individual
-----	--	--

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

		compartments/container
11.	Chamelons	(a) Require, sufficient crumpled paper to provide a foot hold as well as cushion to each animal. (b) Chameleons must be sprayed with warm fresh water at the time of packing.
12	Geckos	(a) Geckos travel well with sufficient crumpled paper, but care must be taken not to occlude ventilation. (b) The bags containing geckos must be fastened so they do not knock into each other during transport.
13.	Small lizards	Small lizards need dry leaves or moss to provide a foothold.
14.	Venomous reptiles	(a) Venomous reptiles must be individually packed in Styrofoam containers placed within a wooden container (b) The species listed above must have, inner and outer containers marked "Poisonous" in letters of at least 25cm (1in) high as well as the "Live Animal" and "The Way Up" labels. Preparation before dispatch <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It is recommended one specimen is packed per bag. • Air must be able to circulate around the bags within a container. • Where necessary, inorganic soft material must be placed in the container or bag to provide a foothold, e.g in the case of small lizards. General care and loading <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Species must not be mixed or combined with other species in a single or compartment or container • Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperatures. Particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead. Warning <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Containers must not be placed in direct sunlight or in draughty areas • Reptiles are cold blooded; metal which comes in direct contact with the animal, must not be used in the construction of the inner container.
15.	Crocodile species	(a) The container shall be made of wood plywood, metal, fine wire mesh, expanded polystyrene/Styrofoam, burlap or similar material. (b) Large amphibians and reptiles must be crated individually in containers that prevent movement (c) Smaller amphibians and reptiles up to 77 cm (30cm) can be

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

		<p>packed in parallel as small groups within the container.</p> <p>(d) Similar trays in container of 50 x 50 cm (19½ x 19½in), are suitable for young Crocodiles (hatchlings)</p> <p>(e) Lizards up to 5cm (2in) tail base width can also be packed this way but there must be no more than 10 specimens per tray in order to prevent stacking.</p> <p>(f) Crocodiles must have their mouths tied with sealing tape and the blindfolded with sealing tape and be blindfolded with a soft material,</p> <p>(g) A temperature of 20C (68F) is optimum for most of these species.</p> <p>(h) Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperatures. Particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead</p> <p>(i) Containers must not be placed in direct sunlight or in draughty areas.</p>
16	Sea turtle species Terrapin species Tortoise species	<p>(a) The height of the box must allow the animals to move freely but prevent them stacking, there must be enough floor space for a single layer of specimen to occupy simultaneously without overlapping.</p> <p>(b) The container must consist of only one layer of horizontal compartments</p> <p>(c) A suitable mesh must be fixed under the lid over the specimens so that there is no danger of any escaping when the lid is teased.</p> <p>(d) Ventilation opening of a minimal 1cm must be placed in all four sides, the top and in any partitions within the container.</p> <p>(e) The openings must be screened from the inside with a fine nylon or similar mesh.</p> <p>(f) Outer container 68.6cm (27in) x 28cm (11in)x22.8cm (9in). Inner plastic , or similar “clam shell” type container with dimensions of 12.7cm (5in)x12.7 (5in)x4.5cm (1¾in).</p> <p>(g) There must be ventilation openings on all four sides and top of the container confluent with the openings of the inner container so that air can circulate throughout the whole interior of the outer container on all four side and lid.</p> <p>(h) The inner containers must have ventilation openings on all four sides and lid</p> <p>(i) Five individual specimens per plastic inner container when the carapace length is greater than 5cm (2in) but not more than 10cm (4in)</p> <p>(j) Aggressive species as noted above must be packed individually. Only specimens of the same species must be packed in any one outer container.</p> <p>Preparation before dispatch</p> <p>(a) Where necessary, suitable brushwood or similar material must be placed in the box</p> <p>(b) Terrapins and aquatic turtles must be packed in damp, not wet, soft non-toxic absorbent inorganic bedding to minimize injury.</p>

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

		<p>Feeding and watering guide.</p> <p>(a) In case of more than one type of specimen per shipment, they must not be mixed or combined with other species of reptiles in a container or compartment of a container.</p> <p>(b) Only specimens of the same size must be loaded in the same container.</p> <p>© Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperature. Particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead.</p> <p>(d) On no account must unnatural hibernation be induced by loading the consignments in thermally controlled containers.</p>
--	--	--

OTHER ANIMALS

Such container as the Director may approve

D. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- (1) Animals shall be enclosed in containers that are roomy and comfortable and if the animals are to travel by sea the containers must be large and stronger than those used for air transport.
- (2) Containers shall be strong with all nails and screws counter-sunk
- (3) Containers that shall stand on a deck and shall be provided with feet or bitterns to allow space of at least 10 centimeters between the bottom of the container and deck.
- (4) Provision must be made in containers for inserting food and removing excrement without undue disturbance to the animals
- (5) Provision must be made for the animal to see outside but there must be a curtain which can be let down to give the animal privacy when necessary.
- (6) Roofs of containers that are not sheltered shall be made waterproof.
- (7) All containers shall adequately ventilated and protected from extremes of temperature.
- (8) Containers for birds that do not require padding under the roof shall be ventilated at the roof and one side.
- (9) Perching birds shall be provided with suitable perches.

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

FOURTH SCHEDULE

(Made under regulation 36)

PERMIT/CERTIFICATE No..... [*check format against R12.3, Annex 2*]

Original

EXPORT
RE-EXPORT

IMPORT
OTHER



CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN
ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA

	2 valid until
3. Importer (name address 3a. Country of import	4. Export/Re-exporter (name and address. Country)
	Signature of the applicant
5. Special conditions For live animals, this permit or certificate is only valid if the transport conditions conform to the CITES guidelines for the non-air transport of live wild animals and plants or, in the case of air transport, to the IATA Live Animals Regulations	6. Name address, national seal/stamp and country of Management Authority The Director of Wildlife, Askari Road, Kilimani Street,P.O. Box 1351 40472 DODOMA, TANZANIA
5a. Purpose of the transaction (see Reverse) 5b Security stamp No.	
<i>[this section differs from standard format in</i>	10 Appendix 11.

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

R12.3] 7/8 SCIENTIFIC NAME (genus and 9. Description of specimens, species) AND COMMON NAME including indentifying marks OF ANIMAL OR PLANT or numbers (age/sex if live)	Quantity No. and (including Source (see Quota Reverse) 11a Total exported unit)
7/8 9	10 11a 11
A 12 Country of origin . Permit No Date 9 12a Country of last re-export	Certificate No. Date 12b No of operation.. or Date of aquisition...
7/8 9	10 11a 11
B 12 Country of origin. Permit No Date 12a Country of last re-export	Certificate No. Date 12b No of operation.. or Date of aquitiion...
7/8 9	10 11a 11
C 12 Country of origin. Permit No Date 12a Country of last re-export	Certificate No. Date 12b No of operation.. or Date of [aquisition]...
7/8 9	10 11a 11
D 12 Country of origin. Permit No Date 12a Country of last re-export	Certificate No. Date 12b No of operation.. or Date of [aquisition]...
.Country in which the specimens were taken from the wild, bred in captivity or artificially propagated (only in case of re-export) ..Only for specimen of Appendix I Species bred in captivity or artificially propagated for commercial purposes ...For pre-Convention species.	
13. THIS PERMIT CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED BY _____	_____ Security stamp, signature and

*Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered
Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)*

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

TROPHY EXPORT CERTIFICATE

WF No.

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
JAMHURI YA MUUNGANO WA TANZANIA**

ORIGINAL

TROPHY EXPORT CERTIFICATE

HATI YA KUTOA NYARA NJE

FW 17A (Rev. 1982)

A No.

NOT TRANSFERABLE

FEE:

Isihawilishwe

Ada: 5,000/=

ISSUED TO: OF..... Imetolewa kwa wa	DATE OF ISSUE Tarehe ya Kutolewa DATE OF EXPIRY Tarehe ya kumalizika
THIS IS AN AUTHORITY TO EXPORT THE TROPHIES SPECIFIED HEREUNDER TO (NAME AND ADDRESS Hii ni Idhini ya kusafirisha nyara zilizotajwa hapa Kumpelekea (Jina na Anwani) :	FOR THE PURPOSE OF: Kwa ajili ya:

S/N Nam ba	TYPE OF TROP HY Aina ya Nyara	QUANT ITY Kiasi	WEIG HT Uzani KG	GRA DE Daraj a	REGISTRA TION MARK Alama ya Usajili	CERTIFICATE OR OTHER AUTHORITY Hati au Ruhusa Nyingineyo			
						TY PE Ain a	No. Nam bari	PLA CE Mah ali	DA TE Tare he

SIGNATURE OF
CONSIGNOR

DATED STAMP OF
AUTHORISING OFFICE

For DIRECTOR OF
WILDLIFE (MANAGEMENT

Wildlife Conservation (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (Cites)) (Implementation)

GN. No. 382 (Contd.)

Saini ya Mpelekaji Muhuri Rasmi na Tarehe AUTHORITY)
k.n.y Mkurugenzi, Idara ya
Wanyamapori (Mamlaka ya
Uongozi)

Note:	ZINGATIA
1. The validity of this certificate should not exceed 30 days from the date of issue; 2. This certificate must accompany the above specified trophies at all times until they reach the consignor 3. Where the trophies to be exported are protected under the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) trophy export certificate shall be issued by the Director himself. This proviso does not apply to manufactured trophies of weight less than 3kg or less than 10 articles of the same type when measured numerically.	1. Uhalali wa hati hii usizidi siku 30 tangu tarehe ya kutolewa. 2. Hati hii lazima iandamane na nyara zilizotajwa, wakati wote hadi zitakapomfikia 3. Iwapo nyara zinazosafirishwa zinalindwa na Makubaliano ya Biashara Kimataifa Kuhusu aina ya Wanyama na Mimea iliyo katika hatari ya kutoweka (CITES), hati za CITES za kutoa nyara nje zitatolewa na Mkurugenzi mwenyewe. Sharti hili halihusu nyara zilizotengenezwa za uzito chini ya kg 3 au vitu vya aina moja visivyozidi 10 kwa kuvihesabu.

Dodoma,
23 July, 2018

HAMISI A. KIGWANGALLA
Minister for Natural Resources and Tourism